ACCELERATION PARAMETERS FOR THE AGS-BOOSTER

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Booster Technical Note
No. 91

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I. Introduction

This note includes the acceleration parameters for the AGS-Booster [1], assuming a uniform distribution in longitudinal phase space using the formulation given in section II. Some of the values used in our calculation were extrapolated from the tabulated information given in Reference [2]. Our results for the AGS-Booster are given in section III.

II. Summary of the Formulation

The phase area of a "stationary bucket" ($\phi_s = 0$) is given by

$$A_o = \frac{8}{h(w_s/\beta)} \sqrt{\frac{2eVE_s}{\pi h|\eta|}}$$

This is the area of one of the h buckets of the hth harmonic [2]. Where (the subscript) s refers to the synchronous particle;

eV is the maximum energy gain per turn;

E_s is the synchronous energy;

h is the harmonic number;

 β = v/c (c = velocity of light) and γ = $1/\sqrt{1-v^2/c}$ are the relativistic factors;

φ is the phase of a particle relative to r-f wave;

w is the angular frequency and

$$w_{rf} = hw_s$$

 $\eta = 1/\gamma_{tr}^2 - 1/\gamma^2 [\eta < 0 \text{ below transition } (\equiv tr)]$

$$w_s/\beta = c/2\pi R$$
 (c = 3 × 10⁸ m/s),

R = radius of the ring.

The area of the moving bucket is given by

$$A_b = A_o \alpha(\phi_s)$$

whre $\alpha(\phi_s)$ is the moving bucket factor, and the area contained within some curve $H = NH_E$ (H_E is the maximum value of H, N < 1) is given by

$$A = A_o \alpha_N(\phi_s)$$

We define the "bunching factor" to be the ratio of the peak to average particle density, for uniform distribution in longitudinal phase space. This is $1/\overline{B}$, the inverse of the bunching factor \overline{B} used in Ref. [2]. Additionally, we define

 \hat{I} = peak current,

 \overline{I}_b = average (DC component of the beam) current,

 \tilde{I}_b = rf component of the beam current,

 $P_b = \overline{I}_b \sin \phi_s$, $(P_b \equiv power)$, and

 $\Delta r = X_p \Delta p/p$ (Δr is 1/2 of the aperture taken by synchronous oscillation) where p = momentum.

III. Booster Acceleration Parameters

| Injection | | Ejection |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Energy | 200 MeV | 1.5 GeV |
| $\beta = v/c$ | 0.5662 | 0.9220 |
| p | 0.6444 GeV/c | |
| RF amplitude $[V_{Rf} = \hat{V}]$ | 90 kV | 70 kV |
| $\overline{\mathfrak{l}}_{\mathbf{b}}$ | ~3 amp | 4.93 amp |
| Intensity (particle/bunch) | 7.5×10^{12} | 7.5×10^{12} |
| Harmonic number [h] | 3 | 3 |
| RF frequency [f _{Rf}] | 2.48 Mhz | 4.11 Mhz |
| Rotation frequency [f _o] | 826.67 kcycle | 1.37 Mhz |
| $\phi_{\mathbf{S}}$ | 2.6° | 22.4° |
| ₿ | 1.5 T/s | 9.6 T/s |
| P_b | - | 131.8 kW (bucket not full) |
| Phase space area | | |
| Stationary bucket A _o | 1.67 eVsec | 5.47 eVsec |
| Moving bucket $\mathbf{A}_{	ext{bunch}}$ $\mathbf{A}_{	ext{bucket}}$ | 1.5 eVsec 1.5 eVsec | 1.5 eVsec 2.46 eVsec |
| $lpha_1$ | 0.895 | 0.45 |
| bucket length | 320° = 60.55m | 216° |
| bunch length | 320° = 60.55m | 151° |
| bunching factor | 1.697 | 3.23 |
| peak bunch current [Î] | 5.1 amp | 16 amp |
| bucket height Δp/p | 0.876×10^{-2} or 3.19 MeV | 0.59×10^{-2} or 12.13 MeV |
| \tilde{I}_b | - | 8 amp |
| И | 1 | 0.66 |
| Δr | 2.45 cm | |
| X _p | 2.8m | |
| η | 0.6376 | 0.09877 |

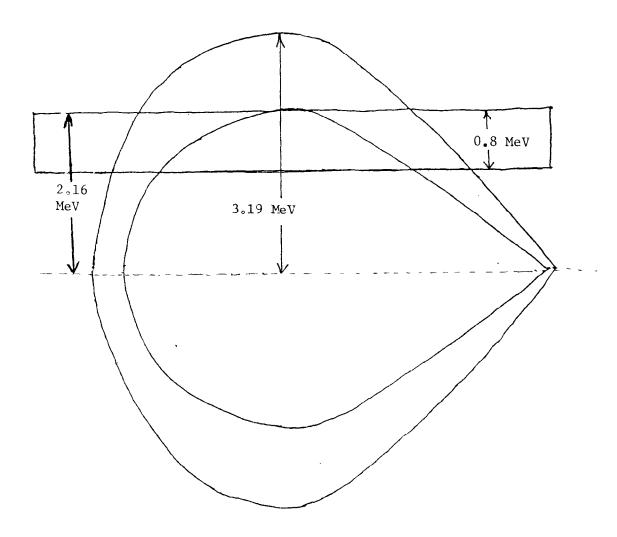


Figure 1. Booster Bucket at injection. Initial and final.

Bucket heights at injection are shown.

References

- 1. Z. Parsa, Booster Parameter List, BNL-39311; and Design Manual.
- 2. F.T. Cole and P.L. Morton, UCID 10130, ASI Theoretical/02, Sept. 21, 1964.